# Unicode request for compound stress mark

Kirk Miller, kirkmiller@gmail.com

2025 February 14

This request is for a compound IPA stress mark, <\rangle. It consists of U+02C8 modifier letter Vertical line, used in IPA to indicate primary stress, superimposed on U+02CC modifier Letter low vertical line, which indicates secondary stress, so that they align one over the other. The compound stress mark is used in dictionary pronunciation guides to indicate that a syllable may be variably pronounced with either primary or secondary stress.

Although found in print, the symbol needs to be substituted in digital materials. Merriam-Webster substitutes it with the ASCII character | (U+00A6 BROKEN BAR), for example in Bal·e·ar·ic \||balē|arik\| (Figure 4). Routledge substitutes it instead with a sequence of the two IPA characters, \( \' \' \> \), which looks bad in some browser fonts (Figure 8).

When I contacted Bill Kretzschmar, editor of the Routledge (and previously Oxford) dictionary, he replied, *The primary/secondary marks are indeed lined up in the printed version of the dictionary.*[...] I think it would be great to have a Unicode symbol for the primary/secondary mark. Clive Upton, his co-editor at Leeds, agreed: It would clearly be a good thing to have the symbol in Unicode.

### Character

208F MODIFIER LETTER HIGH AND LOW VERTICAL LINE

## **Properties**

208F;MODIFIER LETTER HIGH AND LOW VERTICAL LINE;Sk;0;ON;;;;;N;;;;

### **Annotations**

We request annotations analogous to those for U+02C8 and U+02CC:

208F MODIFIER LETTER HIGH AND LOW VERTICAL LINE

- · variably primary or secondary stress
- precedes letter or syllable modified

## References

The Oxford Dictionary of Pronunciation for Current English. Clive Upton, William Kretzschmar Jr. & Rafal Konopka, eds. 2001.

The Routledge Dictionary of Pronunciation of Current English. Clive Upton & William Kretzschmar Jr., eds. 2nd edition, 2017.

Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged. Philip Gove, ed. 1961.

# Chart

### Superscripts and Subscripts 2070 209F

	207	208	209
0	0	0	a
1	i	1	e
2		2	o
3		3	x
4	4	4	ә
5	5	5	h
6	6	6	k
7	7	7	1
8	8	8	m
9	9	9	n
A	+	+	p
В	-	ı	s
С	=	II	t
D	(	(	w
Е	)	)	у
F	n	1	z

## **Figures**

```
sac·ra·men·tan \,sakrə'ment³n\ n -s cap [Sacramento, California + E -an]: a native or resident of Sacramento, California |
|sac·ra·men·tar·i·an \,==(,)men·'terēən, -mən·-, -ta(a)r-\
n -s ['sacrament + -arian] I usu cap [trans. of G sakramenter, sakramentierer]: one who interprets sacraments as visible symbols that are not inherently efficacious and not supernaturally potent but of great symbolic significance 2: SACRA-MENTALIST
|sacramentarian \|==(,)=|==| adj, usu cap 1: of or relating to the Sacramentarians 2: of or relating to the sacraments or
```

**Figure 1.** Merriam-Webster print. The compound stress mark  $\langle | \rangle$  in the stress pattern  $| \langle | \rangle | | \rangle | \langle | \rangle | \rangle$  (red) matches the form and placement of both the primary and secondary IPA stress marks (blue).

```
Actually, words like beneficial (vocabulary stress marking \\'=='==\), fictilious (vocabulary stress marking \(')='=\), and campaign (vocabulary stress marking \(')='=\) undergo an even wider variation of stress than "Explanatory Notes" shows. Thus beneficial may also be \'=='==\ (as in Beneficial though it is ...) or \===\ (as in beneficial diet), fictitious may also be \'='=\ or \===\ (as in fictitious story), and campaign may be \='=\ (as in a hard campaign), \'==\, \'='=\, or \==\ (as in campaign promises).
```

**Figure 2.** Merriam-Webster print, p. 45a. Explanation of the compound stress mark  $\langle \cdot \rangle$  as variation between  $\langle \cdot \rangle$  and  $\langle \cdot \rangle$ .

```
beneficia pl of BENEFICIUM
ben.e.fi.cial \'benə'fishəl\\ adj [benefice (in obs. sense "ad-
vantage, benefit") + -iai] : conferring benefits : contribut-
```

**Figure 3.** Merriam-Webster print. An example with  $\langle \rangle$  applied directly to a word.

```
Bal·e·ar·ic | balē¦arik, ēk, also - er-sometimes bəˈlir-
: of or relating to the Balearic Islands
```

**Figure 4.** Merriam-Webster online. The encoding is <Bal·e·ar·ic |balē|arik, ēk, also -|er- sometimes bəˈlir->, with proper IPA U+02C8 for primary stress but ASCII U+00A6 substituted for the compound stress mark.

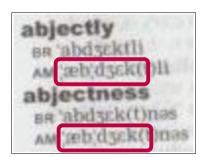
Variability of the stress pattern in polysyllabic words is also characteristic of AM. To represent this fact most efficiently, we have borrowed the notation used in Webster's Third New International Dictionary, whereby a variably stressed syllable is marked by a combination of both stress markings. (1) In those instances where two syllables receive variable stress markings, e.g. overbearing ['oover'bern]] only three of the four stress permutations are possible when the word is pronounced: primary-prim-

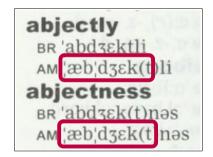
Variability of the stress pattern in polysyllabic words is also characteristic of AM. To represent this fact most efficiently, we have borrowed the notation used in Webster's Third New International Dictionary, whereby a variably stressed syllable is marked by a combination of both stress markings (\*) In those instances where two syllables receive variable stress markings, e.g. overbearing ['ouver',berna] only three of the four stress permutations are possible when

**Figure 5.** Routledge and Oxford in print. Description of the compound stress mark  $\langle | \rangle$  (red), specifying that it's a combination of  $\langle | \rangle$  and  $\langle | \rangle$ , and noting that this is the symbol found in Webster's Third: we have borrowed the notation used in Webster's Third New International Dictionary, whereby a variably stressed syllable is marked by a combination of both stress markings (|).

Variability of the stress pattern in polysyllabic words is also characteristic of AM. To represent this fact most efficiently, we have borrowed the notation used in Webster's Third New International Dictionary, whereby a variably stressed syllable is marked by a combination of both stress markings (1) In those instances where two syllables receive variable stress markings, e.g. abject [1] æb1 d3ek(t)], only three of the four stress permutations are possible when the word is pronounced: primary-

**Figure 6.** The same passage in the Routledge ebook version. The non-Unicode compound symbol  $\langle \dot{} \rangle$  is substituted with the Unicode sequence  $\langle \dot{} \rangle$  (red), which is awkward in this font.





**Figure 7.** Routledge and Oxford in print. Examples of compound  $\langle | \rangle$  in entries, both rendered  $\langle | ab| dz \epsilon k(t) ... \rangle$ .

```
abjectly

BR | abdzek(t)li

AM | dzek(t)li

abjectness

BR | abdzek(t)nəs

AM | dzek(t)nəs
```

**Figure 8.** The more awkward rendition of the same entries in the Routledge ebook.

#### ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2

#### PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS

FOR ADDITIONS TO THE REPERTOIRE OF ISO/IEC 10646.1.

Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.

Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html for guidelines and details before filling this form.

Please ensure you are using the latest Form from std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html.

See also std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html for latest Roadmaps.

#### A. Administrative

1. Title:	Letters with palatal hook			
2. Requester's name:				
	per body/Liaison/Individual contribution			
4. Submission date:	,,	2025 February 14	- — — — — -	
5. Requester's reference	(if applicable):		- — — — — -	
6. Choose one of the follo				
This is a comple			yes	
(or) More inform	mation will be provided later:			
B. Technical - General				
1. Choose one of the follo				
	for a new script (set of characters):	<u> </u>		
	ame of script:			
	for addition of character(s) to an existin		<u>yes</u>	
	e existing block:	Latin Extended-G		
2. Number of characters		<u> </u>	1	
	lect one from below - see section 2.2 of F			
	x B.1-Specialized (small collection)	B.2-Specialized (large collection)		
C-Major extinct	D-Attested extinct	E-Minor extinct		
F-Archaic Hieroglyph	<u> </u>	G-Obscure or questionable usage symbol	ls	
	ng character names provided?		yes	
	ames in accordance with the "character	naming guidelines"	VAS	
	of P&P document?		yes	
b. Are the character shapes attached in a legible form suitable for review?			<u>yes</u>	
5. Fonts related:				
a. Who will provid		the Project Editor of 10646 for publishing the	e standard?	
	Kirk N			
b. Identify the par		by the editors (include address, e-mail, ftp-si	te, etc.):	
	SIL (Gentiu	m Release)		
6. References:				
	to other character sets, dictionaries, des		yes	
b. Are published examples of use (such as samples from newspapers, magazines, or other				
sources)	stano etta da d2			
of proposed chara		<u>yes</u>		
7. Special encoding issue		. (.6 1. 11) 1		
	address other aspects of character data			
presentation, sort	ing, searching, indexing, transliteration	etc. (if yes please enclose information)?	<u>yes</u>	
8. Additional Information				
		(D) (()	0 1 1 1 1	
Submitters are invited to	o provide any additional information abo	out Properties of the proposed Character(s)	or Script that	
will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed character(s) or script. Examples of				
such properties are: Casing information, Numeric information, Currency information, Display behaviour information such as line breaks, widths etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, Directional behaviour, Default Collation behaviour,				
relevance in Mark Up contexts, Compatibility equivalence and other Unicode normalization related information. See the				
Unicode standard at www.unicode.org for such information on other scripts. Also see Unicode Character Database				
(www.unicode.org/reports/tr44/) and associated Unicode Technical Reports for information needed for consideration by the				
	nittee for inclusion in the Unicode Stand			

<sup>-</sup> Form number: N4502-F (Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08, 1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01,  $2005\hbox{-}09, 2005\hbox{-}10, 2007\hbox{-}03, 2008\hbox{-}05, 2009\hbox{-}11, 2011\hbox{-}03, 2012\hbox{-}01)$ 

#### C. Technical - Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before?			
If YES explain			
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body,			
user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)?	<u>yes</u>		
If YES, with whom? Bill Kretzschmar			
If YES, available relevant documents:			
3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example:			
size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?			
Reference:			
4. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)	dictionaries		
Reference:			
5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community?	yes		
If YES, where? Reference: see illustrations			
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be	entirely		
in the BMP?	no		
If YES, is a rationale provided?			
If YES, reference:			
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)?	yes		
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing			
character or character sequence?	no		
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?			
If YES, reference:			
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either			
existing characters or other proposed characters?	no		
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?			
If YES, reference:			
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function)			
to, or could be confused with, an existing character?	no		
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?			
If YES, reference:			
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?	no		
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?			
If YES, reference:			
Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided?	no		
If YES, reference:			
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as			
control function or similar semantics?	no		
If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)			
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility characters?			
If YES, are the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic characters identified?			
If YES, reference:			