Level 3 implementations of ISO/IEC 10646-1 also use combining characters to represent accented Latin letters. Again, individual glyphs can be used to provide the best alignment of letter and accent. A level 3 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646-1 might well use the coded character sequence U+0065 LATIN SMALL LETTER E "e" and U+0301 COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT "5" but draw it using a single "é" glyph. (MT DC + LSU CAA, 11 pt)

Level 3 implementations of ISO/IEC 10646-1 also use combining characters to represent accented Latin letters. Again, individual glyphs can be used to provide the best alignment of letter and accent. A level 3 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646-1 might well use the coded character sequence U+0065 LATIN SMALL LETTER E "e" and U+0301 COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT "' but draw it using a single "é" glyph. (LSU AA + MT CDC, 11 pt)

Level 3 implementations of ISO/IEC 10646-1 also use combining characters to represent accented Latin letters. Again, individual glyphs can be used to provide the best alignment of letter and accent. A level 3 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646-1 might well use the coded character sequence U+0065 LATIN SMALL LETTER E "e" and U+0301 COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT "ó" but draw it using a single "é" glyph. (MT DC + LSU CAA, 10 pt)

Level 3 implementations of ISO/IEC 10646-1 also use combining characters to represent accented Latin letters. Again, individual glyphs can be used to provide the best alignment of letter and accent. A level 3 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646-1 might well use the coded character sequence U+0065 LATIN SMALL LETTER E "e" and U+0301 COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT "" but draw it using a single "é" glyph. (LSU AA + MT CDC, 10 pt)

The sequence U+05E4 HEBREW LETTER PE "", and U+05BC HEBREW POINT DAGESH OR MAPIQ "-" "o" "o" "o" "o" "o" is often drawn by using a single glyph ""," to provide optimal placement of the diacritical marks.

The sequence U+05E4 HEBREW LETTER PE """, and U+05BC HEBREW POINT DAGESH OR MAPIQ """ "" o" "o" and U+05B8 HEBREW POINT QAMATS "o" "o" is often drawn by using a single glyph """ to provide optimal placement of the diacritical marks.

U+0302 COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT "6" and U+0323 COMBINING DOT BELOW "0" A system that has an "ê" glyph may choose to use that glyph and then add the dot below, and a system that has a single "ê" glyph for this sequence may simply draw that. (Similarly, a Level 1 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646 would use the coded character U+1EC7 LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW "ê".)

U+0302 COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT "" and U+0323 COMBINING DOT BELOW "." A system that has an "ê" glyph may choose to use that glyph and then add the dot below, and a system that has a single "ê" glyph for this sequence may simply draw that. (Similarly, a Level 1 implementation of ISO/IEC 10646 would use the coded character U+1EC7 LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW "ê".)

U+0302 COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT "ô" and U+0323 COMBINING DOT BELOW "o"