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Title	Proposal to change the East_Asian_Width property of various characters, and the derivation of Line_Break=Ambiguous
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## **Proposal**

Update the East Asian Width property values of the following characters to Ambiguous:

- All characters with the Extended\_Pictographic property that currently have East Asian Width=Neutral, except for:
  - © U+00A9 COPYRIGHT SIGN,
  - !! U+203C DOUBLE EXCLAMATION MARK,
  - !? U+2049 EXCLAMATION QUESTION MARK,
  - ∘ i U+2139 INFORMATION SOURCE, and
  - characters in the "Enclosed Alphanumeric Supplement" block.
- \*\* U+2042 ASTERISM.
- \* U+2051 TWO ASTERISKS ALIGNED VERTICALLY.
- The dentistry notation symbols in U+23BE..U+23CC.
- \$\nothing U+23CE RETURN SYMBOL.
- ⊚ U+29BE CIRCLED WHITE BULLET and ⊙ U+29BF CIRCLED BULLET.
- # U+29FA DOUBLE PLUS and # U+29FB TRIPLE PLUS.
- Characters in the "Box Drawings" block that are not already Ambiguous: U+254C..U+254F and U+2574..U+257F.
- Box drawing characters from other blocks: U+1FBA0..U+1FBAF, and (new in Unicode 16) U+1CC1B..U+1CC20, U+1CE09..U+1CE0A, U+1CE16..U+1CE19.
- Various circled digits: U+24EA, U+2780..U+2793, U+1F10B..U+1F10C.
- All vulgar fractions (with Decomposition\_Type=Fraction) that are not already Ambiguous: U+2150..U+2152, U+2155..U+215A, and U+215F.

Also, change the derivation of Line\_Break=Ambiguous to the following, ensuring that it is a subset of East Asian Width=Ambiguous:

- Would otherwise be Line\_Break=Alphabetic, AND
- Is East Asian Width=Ambiguous, AND
- Does not have a General\_Category of Letter or Modifier\_Symbol, AND
- Is not ® U+00AE REGISTERED SIGN.

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Characters with default emoji presentation that are currently Line\_Break=Ambiguous should become Line Break=Ideographic, for consistency with most other emojis.)

#### Rationale

<u>UAX 11</u> states that characters with an East\_Asian\_Width of Neutral are those that "do not occur in East Asian typography." In contrast, the set of Ambiguous characters is "all characters that can be sometimes wide and sometimes narrow." The proposed changes align the assignments of these properties to their definitions:

- Pictographic characters (with the Extended\_Photographic property) are generally displayed as wide by monospaced CJK fonts that support them; but despite this fact, most (though not all) are currently assigned East\_Asian\_Width=Neutral. This leads to several surprising inconsistencies. For example, the black and white spade, heart, and club card suit symbols are Ambiguous, but those for the diamond suit are Neutral. In addition, the musical sharp (\$\psi\$) and flat (\$\psi\$) signs are Ambiguous, but the natural sign (\$\psi\$) is Neutral. Assigning a width of Ambiguous to all currently-Neutral Extended\_Photographic characters, with a few exceptions reflecting common practice, resolves these issues.
  - The omitted characters are ones that are not actually pictographic in their default presentation, and have the Extended\_Pictographic property only because they can become emoji when followed by U+FE0F.
- U+2051, U+23BE..U+23CC, U+23CE, U+29BE, U+29BF, U+29FA, and U+29FB originate from the Japanese JIS X 0213 standard (<u>L2/00-0098</u>), and display as wide in common CJK monospace fonts supporting them; therefore, they should be Ambiguous.
  - U+2042 \* is similar to U+2051 \*, so if the latter is to have Ambiguous width, so should the former. (This also matches the behavior of common fonts.)
- Certain box-drawing characters are Ambiguous, while others are currently Neutral. Box-drawing characters are meant to align with one another, so it's critical that they all have the same width. (The U+23BE..U+23CC dentistry symbols mentioned above are designed to interact with the box-drawing characters, and therefore must also have the same width as them.)
- Some circled digits and vulgar fractions are Ambiguous, while others are currently Neutral. Fonts will display these uniformly, so their properties should be made uniform also.

In an attempt to capture modern practice, the set of characters with Line\_Break=Ambiguous has diverged both from UAX14 and from its stated derivation in UAX 14. Some of these divergences address the inconsistencies listed above; but, in the process, new inconsisten-

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cies are introduced. In addition, the divergence between the two properties makes it more difficult for implementers to tailor both at once. The proposed new derivation resolves these issues, by ensuring that Line\_Break=Ambiguous is a strict subset of East\_Asian\_Width=Ambiguous that reflects common modern practice.

#### **Future Work**

The set of arrows and mathematical symbols with East\_Asian\_Width=Ambiguous remains inconsistent with common practice; a future proposal should investigate making further changes to these.

## **Font samples**

From left to right: a wide CJK ideograph, an Extended\_Pictographic character, U+2042 ASTERISM, U+2051 TWO ASTERISKS ALIGNED VERTICALLY, a dentistry notation symbol, U+23CE RETURN SYMBOL, U+29FB TRIPLE PLUS, ● U+29BF CIRCLED BULLET, a box-drawing character, and a circled digit.

