

Международная организация по стандартизации

Doc Type:	Ideographic Rapporteur Group Document
Title:	20 questionable V4-Source characters in Ext. C and Ext. E and some other normalization suggestions
Source:	Eiso Chan(陈永聪)
Status:	Individual Contribution to IRG #52
Action:	For consideration by IRG and Việt Nam
Date:	2019-02-14

Việt Nam submitted the V4-Source characters to C1 and CJKD collection, which the submitted source was V04 at that time and this source included Chữ Nôm (Nôm Character, 𐊀𐊁𐊂, 𐊃𐊄𐊅) and Chữ Nôm Tày (Tày Nôm Character, 𐊆𐊇𐊈, 𐊉𐊊𐊋). When I rechecked them, I found out 20 questionable glyphs which needed to modify possibly. There are 16 Chữ Nôm and 4 Chữ Nôm Tày mentioned by me here. Notice that almost all pieces of the submitted evidence I used in this document are copied from IRGN1564 simply except the evidence of U+2B1E5.

There are also some other glyph modification issues here, which are just the suggestions.

Now I list the summary of this document as below. Sepecially, please take more attention to the details for #15, #16 and #24

SN	Issue	UCS	Crt. VRef.	Current IDS	Mod. V Ref.	Modified IDS	RS
1	1.7	U+6146	no V ref.	𠂇𠂆𠂇	add V4-483C or VU-06146	𠂇𠂆𠂇	no change
2	1.13	U+87CE	no V ref.	𧈨𧈩𧈪	add V4-5372 or VU-087CE	𧈨𧈩𧈪	no change
3	1.15	U+8956	no V ref.	𧈯𧈰𧈱	add V4-542D or VU-08956	𧈯𧈰𧈱	no change
4	3.1	U+2025D	V2-6E4C	𠄎𠄏𠄐𠄑𠄒𠄓𠄔𠄕𠄖𠄗𠄘𠄙𠄚𠄛𠄜𠄝𠄞𠄟𠄠𠄡𠄢𠄣𠄤𠄥𠄦𠄧𠄨𠄩𠄪𠄫𠄬𠄭𠄮𠄯𠄰𠄱𠄲𠄳𠄴𠄵𠄶𠄷𠄸𠄹𠄺𠄻𠄼𠄽𠄾𠄿𠅀𠅁𠅂𠅃𠅄𠅅𠅆𠅇𠅈𠅉𠅊𠅋𠅌𠅍𠅎𠅏𠅐𠅑𠅒𠅓𠅔𠅕𠅖𠅗𠅘𠅙𠅚𠅛𠅜𠅝𠅞𠅟𠅠𠅡𠅢𠅣𠅤𠅥𠅦𠅧𠅨𠅩𠅪𠅫𠅬𠅭𠅮𠅯𠅰𠅱𠅲𠅳𠅴𠅵𠅶𠅷𠅸𠅹𠅺𠅻𠅼𠅽𠅾𠅿𠆀𠆁𠆂𠆃𠆄𠆅𠆆𠆇𠆈𠆉𠆊𠆋𠆌𠆍𠆎𠆏𠆐𠆑𠆒𠆓𠆔𠆕𠆖𠆗𠆘𠆙𠆚𠆛𠆜𠆝𠆞𠆟𠆠𠆡𠆢𠆣𠆤𠆥𠆦𠆧𠆨𠆩𠆪𠆫𠆬𠆭𠆮𠆯𠆰𠆱𠆲𠆳𠆴𠆵𠆶𠆷𠆸𠆹𠆺𠆻𠆼𠆽𠆾𠆿𠇀𠇁𠇂𠇃𠇄𠇅𠇆𠇇𠇈𠇉𠇊𠇋𠇌𠇍𠇎𠇏𠇐𠇑𠇒𠇓𠇔𠇕𠇖𠇗𠇘𠇙𠇚𠇛𠇜𠇝𠇞𠇟𠇠𠇡𠇢𠇣𠇤𠇥𠇦𠇧𠇨𠇩𠇪𠇫𠇬𠇭𠇮𠇯𠇰𠇱𠇲𠇳𠇴𠇵𠇶𠇷𠇸𠇹𠇺𠇻𠇼𠇽𠇾𠇿𠈀𠈁𠈂𠈃𠈄𠈅𠈆𠈇𠈈𠈉𠈊𠈋𠈌𠈍𠈎𠈏𠈐𠈑𠈒𠈓𠈔𠈕𠈖𠈗𠈘𠈙𠈚𠈛𠈜𠈝𠈞𠈟𠈠𠈡𠈢𠈣𠈤𠈥𠈦𠈧𠈨𠈩𠈪𠈫𠈬𠈭𠈮𠈯𠈰𠈱𠈲𠈳𠈴𠈵𠈶𠈷𠈸𠈹𠈺𠈻𠈼𠈽𠈾𠈿𠉀𠉁𠉂𠉃𠉄𠉅𠉆𠉇𠉈𠉉𠉊𠉋𠉌𠉍𠉎𠉏𠉐𠉑𠉒𠉓𠉔𠉕𠉖𠉗𠉘𠉙𠉚𠉛𠉜𠉝𠉞𠉟𠉠𠉡𠉢𠉣𠉤𠉥𠉦𠉧𠉨𠉩𠉪𠉫𠉬𠉭𠉮𠉯𠉰𠉱𠉲𠉳𠉴𠉵𠉶𠉷𠉸𠉹𠉺𠉻𠉼𠉽𠉾𠉿𠊀𠊁𠊂𠊃𠊄𠊅𠊆𠊇𠊈𠊉𠊊𠊋𠊌𠊍𠊎𠊏𠊐𠊑𠊒𠊓𠊔𠊕𠊖𠊗𠊘𠊙𠊚𠊛𠊜𠊝𠊞𠊟𠊠𠊡𠊢𠊣𠊤𠊥𠊦𠊧𠊨𠊩𠊪𠊫𠊬𠊭𠊮𠊯𠊰𠊱𠊲𠊳𠊴𠊵𠊶𠊷𠊸𠊹𠊺𠊻𠊼𠊽𠊾𠊿𠋀𠋁𠋂𠋃𠋄𠋅𠋆𠋇𠋈𠋉𠋊𠋋𠋌𠋍𠋎𠋏𠋐𠋑𠋒𠋓𠋔𠋕𠋖𠋗𠋘𠋙𠋚𠋛𠋜𠋝𠋞𠋟𠋠𠋡𠋢𠋣𠋤𠋥𠋦𠋧𠋨𠋩𠋪𠋫𠋬𠋭𠋮𠋯𠋰𠋱𠋲𠋳𠋴𠋵𠋶𠋷𠋸𠋹𠋺𠋻𠋼𠋽𠋾𠋿𠌀𠌁𠌂𠌃𠌄𠌅𠌆𠌇𠌈𠌉𠌊𠌋𠌌𠌍𠌎𠌏𠌐𠌑𠌒𠌓𠌔𠌕𠌖𠌗𠌘𠌙𠌚𠌛𠌜𠌝𠌞𠌟𠌠𠌡𠌢𠌣𠌤𠌥𠌦𠌧𠌨𠌩𠌪𠌫𠌬𠌭𠌮𠌯𠌰𠌱𠌲𠌳𠌴𠌵𠌶𠌷𠌸𠌹𠌺𠌻𠌼𠌽𠌾𠌿𠍀𠍁𠍂𠍃𠍄𠍅𠍆𠍇𠍈𠍉𠍊𠍋𠍌𠍍𠍎𠍏𠍐𠍑𠍒𠍓𠍔𠍕𠍖𠍗𠍘𠍙𠍚𠍛𠍜𠍝𠍞𠍟𠍠𠍡𠍢𠍣𠍤𠍥𠍦𠍧𠍨𠍩𠍪𠍫𠍬𠍭𠍮𠍯𠍰𠍱𠍲𠍳𠍴𠍵𠍶𠍷𠍸𠍹𠍺𠍻𠍼𠍽𠍾𠍿𠎀𠎁𠎂𠎃𠎄𠎅𠎆𠎇𠎈𠎉𠎊𠎋𠎌𠎍𠎎𠎏𠎐𠎑𠎒𠎓𠎔𠎕𠎖𠎗𠎘𠎙𠎚𠎛𠎜𠎝𠎞𠎟𠎠𠎡𠎢𠎣𠎤𠎥𠎦𠎧𠎨𠎩𠎪𠎫𠎬𠎭𠎮𠎯𠎰𠎱𠎲𠎳𠎴𠎵𠎶𠎷𠎸𠎹𠎺𠎻𠎼𠎽𠎾𠎿𠏀𠏁𠏂𠏃𠏄𠏅𠏆𠏇𠏈𠏉𠏊𠏋𠏌𠏍𠏎𠏏𠏐𠏑𠏒𠏓𠏔𠏕𠏖𠏗𠏘𠏙𠏚𠏛𠏜𠏝𠏞𠏟𠏠𠏡𠏢𠏣𠏤𠏥𠏦𠏧𠏨𠏩𠏪𠏫𠏬𠏭𠏮𠏯𠏰𠏱𠏲𠏳𠏴𠏵𠏶𠏷𠏸𠏹𠏺𠏻𠏼𠏽𠏾𠏿𠐀𠐁𠐂𠐃𠐄𠐅𠐆𠐇𠐈𠐉𠐊𠐋𠐌𠐍𠐎𠐏𠐐𠐑𠐒𠐓𠐔𠐕𠐖𠐗𠐘𠐙𠐚𠐛𠐜𠐝𠐞𠐟𠐠𠐡𠐢𠐣𠐤𠐥𠐦𠐧𠐨𠐩𠐪𠐫𠐬𠐭𠐮𠐯𠐰𠐱𠐲𠐳𠐴𠐵𠐶𠐷𠐸𠐹𠐺𠐻𠐼𠐽𠐾𠐿𠑀𠑁𠑂𠑃𠑄𠑅𠑆𠑇𠑈𠑉𠑊𠑋𠑌𠑍𠑎𠑏𠑐𠑑𠑒𠑓𠑔𠑕𠑖𠑗𠑘𠑙𠑚𠑛𠑜𠑝𠑞𠑟𠑠𠑡𠑢𠑣𠑤𠑥𠑦𠑧𠑨𠑩𠑪𠑫𠑬𠑭𠑮𠑯𠑰𠑱𠑲𠑳𠑴𠑵𠑶𠑷𠑸𠑹𠑺𠑻𠑼𠑽𠑾𠑿𠒀𠒁𠒂𠒃𠒄𠒅𠒆𠒇𠒈𠒉𠒊𠒋𠒌𠒍𠒎𠒏𠒐𠒑𠒒𠒓𠒔𠒕𠒖𠒗𠒘𠒙			

SN	Issue	UCS	Crt. VRef.	Current IDS	Mod. V Ref.	Modified IDS	RS
5	3.1	U+22A80	V2-7641	𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
6	3.1	U+24F57	V2-7D5D	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
7	3.2	U+262E6	V2-6F31	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
8	3.1	U+29D7F	V2-874F	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
9	3.1	U+29E8B	V2-7D58	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	195.9
10	3.3	U+2A01A	V2-8836	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
11	3.2	U+2A854	V4-4342	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
12	3.2	U+2A8F0	V4-4460	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
13	2.3	U+2B1E5	V4-526A	𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
14	1.1	U+2B83C	V4-4038	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	1.12
15	3.4	U+2B850	V4-4050	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
16	3.4	U+2B854	V4-4077	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
17	3.2	U+2B8B1	V4-4122	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
18	2.1	U+2B8D9	V4-4135	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	75.9
19	2.2	U+2B8DA	V4-4136	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	75.9
20	3.2	U+2B967	V4-4224	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
21	1.2	U+2B96F	V4-4229	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
22	1.3	U+2BBD7	V4-4533	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
23	1.5	U+2BD61	V4-4664	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	44.9
24	3.4	U+2BD9C	V4-467A	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
25	1.6	U+2BE4A	V4-477E	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	59.15
26	1.7	U+2BEBC	V4-483C	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗	UCI-nnnnn or VU-2BEBC	no change	no change
27	1.8	U+2BF9D	V4-4971	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	64.19
28	1.4	U+2C0B8	V4-4645	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	75.8
29	1.9	U+2C142	V4-4B60	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	75.16
30	1.12	U+2C316	V4-5354	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	91.19
31	3.2	U+2C3B7	V4-4E2E	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change

SN	Issue	UCS	Crt. VRef.	Current IDS	Mod. V Ref.	Modified IDS	RS
32	3.2	U+2C3D8	V4-4E48	𪛗異𪛗𪛗𪛗 𪛗	no change	𪛗異𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
33	3.2	U+2C5E2	V4-506D	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
34	1.10	U+2C3FB	V4-4E61	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
35	1.11	U+2C402	V4-4E65	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
36	1.13	U+2C82C	V4-5372	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	keep J ref.	no change	no change
37	1.14	U+2C83A	V4-5378	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
38	1.15	U+2C862	V4-542D	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	UCI-nnnnn or VU-2C862	no change	no change
39	2.4	U+2C9A1	V4-5467	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change
40	1.16	U+2CC88	V4-572F	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	no change	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	182'.16
41	1.1	unknown	N/A	N/A	unknown	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	1.14

1. Chữ Nôm / Nôm Character (16 issues)

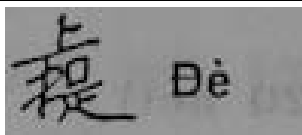
1.1. V4-4038 for U+2B83C

2B83C

— 1.13

𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗

V4-4038

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2B83C	V04-4038	00050	BTCN_VVK	

The submitted evidence is unclear, but it shows the Vietnamese word is ĐỀ.

The submitted glyph in IRGN1279A is 𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗.

V04-4038	𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗	0078.181
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I check the other ditionary *ĐTĐCN* by Vũ Văn Kính. There are two related characters there, one is 𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 (ĐỀ), the other is 𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗𪛗 (TRỐC).

ĐỀ	提題	GT	ÂHV ĐỀ		
	𢵇	HT	Nhục 月	+ ĐỀ 底	
	𢵇	HT	Khẩu 𠂔	+ ĐỀ 提	
	𢵇	HT	Thượng 上	+ ĐỀ 提	

Biến bại linh đình
sóng gió - (NTVĐ), -
chứng, - bẹp, - dí, -
nén, nằm - lên nhau

TRỐC	捉	GT	ÂHV Trốc,	Trúc 𢵇	
	𢵇	HT	Thượng 上	+ Trốc 捉	
	𢵇	HT	Thủ 首	+ Trốc 𢵇	

- gốc, Ăn trên ngói
- (TN), Hổ xanh
xanh ở - đầu
(QATT), - lốc, - rế, -
lếch (chốc lếch)

The former VNPF internal code for V04-4038 is V+6333A, and Prof. Hồng collected it in TĐCNDG. TĐCNDG shows the Vietnamese word of V04-4038 or V+6333A is TRỐC and the phonetic element is 捉 trốc, but it's a pity that the glyph should be modified.

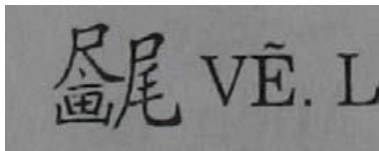
trốc	# {C2: 祿 lộc}. ◎ <i>Phía trên, bên trên.</i> 道君親忍油埃磊 虎撐
祿	撐於祿頭 Đạo quân thân nhẫn dầu ai lỗi. Hổ xanh xanh ở
U+0797F	trốc đầu (Ức Trai, 53b).
trốc	# {F1: 𢵇 上 𢵇 捉 trốc}. ◎ <i>(như trên).</i> 𢵇油𢵇庄朱埃搽
𢵇	牢固𢵇𢵇捧𢵇𢵇 Ví dầu hang chẳng cho ai mó. Sao có hùm
V+6333A	con bông trốc [trên] tay (Xuân Hương, 10b - Ông họ Phạm họa).

Therefore, the V glyph for U+2B83C should be modified to 𢵇上捉, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 1.12.

On the other hand, the disunifiable character 𢵇上捉 should be re-submitted, URO+ or the next working set.

1.2. V4-4229 for U+2B96F

2B96F
□ 17.17
𠂔尾
V4-4229

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2B96F	V04-4229	00602	TĐCN_NQH	

According to the evidence as shown as above, the Vietnamese word for this character is VÊ, the Chinese meaning is 绘 or 画 according to *TĐVHM*, and the English meaning is to “draw, paint” according to *TĐVA*.

So the semantic should be 𠂔(<畫), and V4-4229 should be the variant of 𠂔 (U+24CF0). Notice that the dot in the middle of the left component should not be one stroke of this character.

The glyph should be modified to 𠂔尾, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

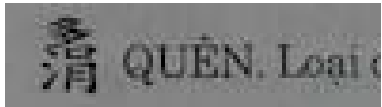
TĐVHM, P. 1024

vẽ₁ đg ① 绘, 画: vẽ tranh 绘画 ② 指出: vẽ đường 指路 ③ (没事) 找事, 来事, 多事: **Mày chỉ khéo vẽ.** 你就会来事。 **Vẽ, quà với cáp làm gì.** 多事, 送什么礼呢。

vẽ¹ 1 Draw, paint. *Vẽ bản đồ* To draw a map. *Vẽ một bức tranh* To paint a picture. 2 Contrive (a scheme) for another. *Vẽ mưu bày kế* To contrive a scheme and devise a stratagem for someone. 3 Go to unnecessary lengths, take more trouble. *Ăn như vậy đủ rồi, đừng vẽ gì nữa* There has been enough to eat, don't take any more trouble (serving additional food). 4 Complicate matters. 5 Stop fussing. *Vẽ! Không khem gì!* Stop fussing! You should not abstain from anything!

1.3. V4-4533 for U+2BBD7

2BBD7 𠂔 36.13 𠂔
V4-4533

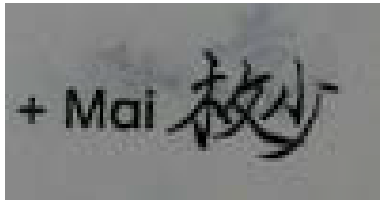
UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2BBD7	V04-4533	01805	TĐCN_NQH	

The top of V4-4533 is 多 very clearly according to the above evidence.

The glyph should be modified to 𠂔多𠂔, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

1.4. V4-4645 for U+2C0B8

2C0B8
木 75.7
𣏟
V4-4645

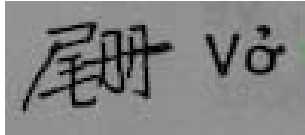
UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C0B8	V04-4645	03879	ĐTĐCN_VVK	

The glyph on the above evidence is 𣏟 very clearly.

The glyph should be modified to 𣏟, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 75.8.

1.5. V4-4664 for U+2BD61

2BD61
尸 44.10
𠂔
V4-4664

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2BD61	V04-4664	02357	BTCN_VVK	

The evidence shows the right component is 册 very clearly, so the glyph should be 𠂔, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 44.9.

1.6. V4-477E for U+2BE4A

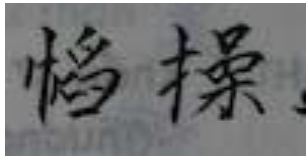
2BE4A
𠂇 59.14
𠂇
V4-477E

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2BE4A	V04-477E	02877	TĐCN_NQH	

V4-477E is related to a common Vietnamese word BAY which the English meaning is to “fly”. Việt Nam submits the variant to WS2017 as WS2017-00216 𠂇 (V-F15DF). The left component on the evidence should be 𠂇 which is the phonetic element as well. Notice that 𠂇 (U+22A92) is the variant of 𠂇. The glyph should be modified to 𠂇𠂇, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 59.15.

1.7. V4-483C for U+2BEBC

2BEBC
心 61.11
惛
V4-483C

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2BEBC	V04-483C	02877	ĐTĐCN_VVK	

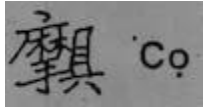
The evidence shows the V4-483C glyph should be 惛 (U+6146) very clearly. It’s better to move V4-483C to do a horizontal extension for U+6146.

6146
心 61.10
惛 惛 惛 惛 惛 
G3-5258 HB2-DD6D T2-4273 J14-2C62 K1-5D3B

I request UTC to assign a new UCI reference for U+2BEBC or use VU-2BEBC, if V4-483C been moved to U+6146. Notice that the corresponding code in GB 18030 should be 0x9930E134.

1.8. V4-4971 for U+2BF9D

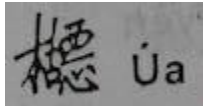
2BF9D
手 64.18
𢦏
V4-4971

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2BF9D	V04-4971	03422	BTCN_VVK	

The evidence showed the right component and the phonetic element is 具. Therefore, the glyph should be changed to 𢦏摩具, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 64.19.

1.9. V4-4B60 for U+2C142

2C142
木 75.15
𣎵
V4-4B60

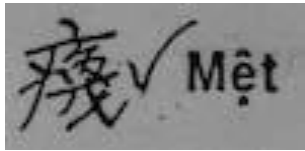
UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C142	V04-4B60	04115	BTCN_VVK	

The glyph on the evidence is 𣎵.

The kRSUnicode value should be changed to 75.16 correspondingly.

1.10. V4-4E61 for U+2C3FB

2C3FB
𡗗 104.11
𡗗
V4-4E61

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C3FB	V04-4E61	05326	BTCN_VVK	

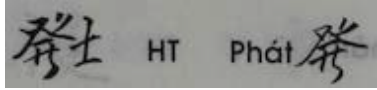
The discussion record for this character in IRG #32 is that “Move to M set. font upgraded” according to IRGN1597, but the glyph looks not upgraded yet at that time.

The phonetic element of this character is 𡗗 𡗗 𡗗 which is the Vietnamese vulgar form of 𡗗 (U+8511) or 𡗗 (U+2B226). The rationale for V4-4E61 is as the same as 𡗗 (U+24EFB), but the meanings and the usages are different.

The glyph should be modified to 𡗗 𡗗 𡗗 𡗗, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

1.11. V4-4E65 for U+2C402

2C402
𠂔 105.7
𠂔
V4-4E65

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C402	V04-4E65	05335	ĐTĐCN_VVK	

The evidence shows the left component is 𠂔 (phát) which is the variant of 發.

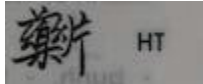
《宋元以來俗字譜》 shows 𠂔 was used in 《東牕記》, 《目連記》, 《金瓶梅》 and 《嶺南逸事》, which all of them are the variant of 發.

東牕記	目連記	金瓶梅	嶺南逸事
			

The glyph should be modified to 𠂔𠂔, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

1.12. V4-5354 for U+2C316

2C316
𠂔 91.17
𠂔
V4-5354

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C316	V04-5354	04903	ĐTĐCN_VVK	

The evidence shows the glyph is 𠂔.

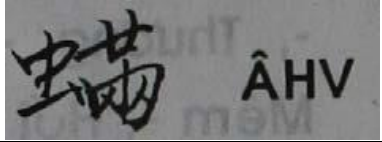
And the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 91.19.

1.13. V4-5372 for U+2C82C

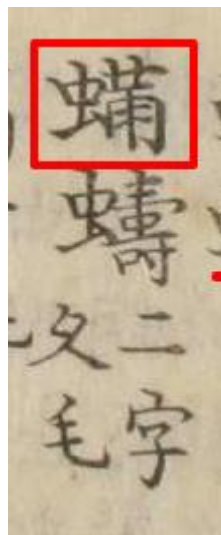
2C82C
虫 142.12

𧈧
JK-65699

𧈧
V4-5372

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C82C	V04-5372	07417	GPNCVHVN _NVH	

There are two sources under U+2C82C. IRGN1277 shows JK-65699 is cited from 新撰字鏡, and the J glyph has matched the real source as below, but the Vietnamese evidence shows the V4-5372 glyph is 𧈧 (U+87CE) without any doubt.



There is no V-Source under U+87CE, so the V4-5372 should be modified to match the evidence and move to U+87CE.

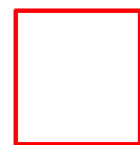
87CE
虫 142.11

𧈧
G1-727D

𧈧
H-A0C7

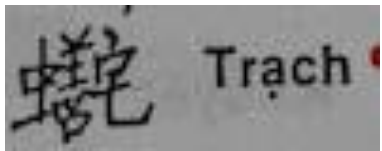
𧈧
T3-5634

𧈧
J14-7770



1.14. V4-5378 for U+2C83A

2C83A
虫 142.17
蠐
V4-5378

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C83A	V04-5378	07444	BTCN_VVK	

The evidence shows the right component is 宅 and the Vietnamese word is TRẠCH.

In the Vietnamese usage, V4-5378 is the variant of 蛇 (U+45B3).

Quốc Ngữ	Hán-Nôm	Codepoint	Context	Ref.	English
trạch	蛇	U+45b3	cá trạch	vhv	loach
chạch	蛇	U+45b3	cá chạch	btcn	loach
trạch	蠐	U+2c83a	cá trạch	gdhv	loach

The glyph should be modified to 𧈧蠐宅, and change the kRSUnicode value to 142.18.

1.15. V4-542D for U+2C862

2C862
衣 145.8
襖
V4-542D

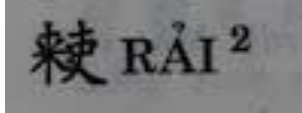
UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C862	V04-542D	07514	ĐTĐCN_VVK	

V4-542D is identified to 襖 (U+8956). The Vietnamese word of 襖 (U+8956) is a common word in Vietnamese, please see two following pictures cited from 越

2. Chữ Nôm Tày / Tày Nôm Characters (4 issues)

2.1. V4-4135 for U+2B8D9

2B8D9
人 9.12
來
V4-4135

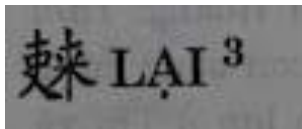
UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2B8D9	V04-4135	00353	TĐNT	

The left component of the glyph on the evidence is 来 not 來.

The glyph should be modified to 𐤓来更 to match the evidence, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 75.9.

2.2. V4-4136 for U+2B8DA

2B8DA
人 9.12
來
V4-4136

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2B8DA	V04-4136	00354	TĐNT	

The right component of the glyph on the evidence is 来 not 來.

The glyph should be modified to 𐤓更来 to match the evidence, and the kRSUnicode value should be changed to 75.9.

2.3. V4-526A for U+2B1E5

2B1E5
𪗇 140.2

𪗇
V4-526A

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in C1_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2B1E5	V04-526A	17666	TĐNT	N/A

C1-17666 (V04-526A) and C1-17667 (CYY01234) are both included in IRGN928 C1 collection V2.0, which the IDses are 𪗇 and 𪗇.

17666				𪗇
19000				
1017.191				
𪗇		V04-526A		
2	2			𪗇
17667	CYY01234			
19001				
1017.191				
𪗇				
2	2			

They were both moved to D set since IRGN1142 C1 collection V5.1 because they were unifiable possibly.

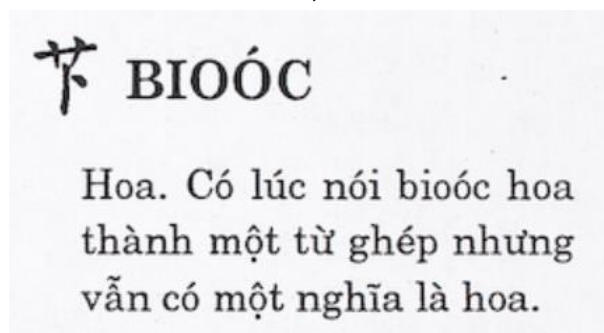
17666	𪗇	17667	𪗇	u.	move to D set
	v	c			

And then, C1-17666 returned M set since IRGN1184 C1 collection V6.0, but C1-17667 was moved to IRGN1223 C2 collection and we had known the result after that.

However, according to IRGN1231, V04-526A is a Chữ Nôm Tày cited from *TĐNT*, and the data in VNPF shows the current Tày word is “bioóc”.

When I recheck the glyph in *TĐNT*, I found out the glyph has not matched the original source yet.

TĐNT, P. 39



The Tày word “bioóc” means “flower”, but it’s not used in the Standard Zhuang language, the Pingguo (平果) Zhuang language, the Longzhou (龙州) Zhuang language and so on. I found out the cognate word used in the Shangsi (上思) Zhuang language, and the located pronunciation is [ʔ6o:k⁴⁵], and it has the possible cognate Sui word 𑜉 [nuk⁸] as well.

Therefore, the V4-526A glyph should be modified to 𑜉𑜃𑜂𑜫, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

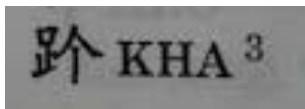
On the other hand, WS2017-03648 T12-2121 should be unified to U+2B1E5.

For China, I request China for consideration to do the horizontal extension for U+2B1E5, which the corresponding G-Source reference could be GCYY-01234, and modify the 0x98389437 glyph in GB 18030 and GB/T 22321 in future.

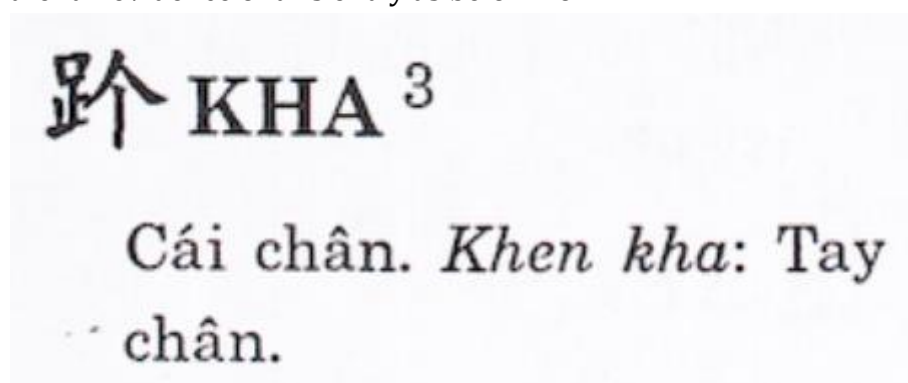
For TCA, they could exchange the Unicode mappings between 11-4856 and 18-2121 in CNS 11643 in future.

2.4. V4-5467 for U+2C9A1

2C9A1
足 157.3
𪚩
V4-5467

UCS	Submitted Reference	SN in D_V20	Source	Evidence
U+2C9A1	V04-5467	08038	TĐNT	

I show the full evidence of this entry as below now.



The picture above shows the Vietnamese meaning of this character is CÁI CHÂN (𠵿蹠), and the English meaning is “leg”, and the related Zhuang word is GA, the Zhuang character is 𪚩 (U+2E6D1) and so on.

跐 (𨦒、𨦓、𨦔、𨦕)

ga [ka¹] 脚，足，腿：

裕～。 goekga 大腿。

Therefore, the phonetic element of V4-5467 is 个 (U+4E2A), and the right component is not the Vietnamese reading mark.

The glyph should be modified back to 𨦕个, and there is no need to change the kRSUnicode value.

3. Normalization suggestions (4 issues)

3.1. Component NGOI

In the current code charts, there are four kinds of glyph for the component NGOI, the first one is 𠂔 (U+2A7FD), the second one is the right part of the current V glyph for 𨦕 (U+24F57) or 𨦕𠂔, the third one is the right part of the current V glyph for 𨦕 (U+22A80) or 𨦕𠂔, and the fourth one is the inside part of the current V glyph for 𨦕 (U+24D76) or 𨦕𠂔, but they are all related to the same character which is the Vietnamese vulgar variant of 疑 (U+7591).

No	Related Character
1	U+2A7FD 𠂔 U+2A866 𨦕 U+2AAE2 𨦕 U+2AFD2 𨦕 U+2AFF9 𨦕 U+2BEB1 𨦕 U+2C17D 𨦕 U+2C3DD 𨦕 U+2C49C 𨦕 U+2C5BC 𨦕
2	U+24F57 𨦕
3	U+2025D 𨦕 U+22A80 𨦕 U+29D7F 𨦕
4	U+24D76 𨦕 U+29E8B 𨦕

According to the above table, the first kind of glyph is the most common. When we checked the IDS in WS2017, we can find out 6 characters related to the component NGOI. The glyphs for the component NGOI used in WS2017-00220 and WS2017-01879 are as the same as the third one, but the glyphs in the evidence are as the same as the second one. And the glyphs for the same component used in WS2017-00099 and WS2017-00382 are as the same as the second one, but Vietnam has modified them to the first one. Notice that WS2017-00481 is a Tay Nom character.

SN	Glyph	IDS	V Ref.
00099	𨦕	𨦕𠂔	V-F0022

No	Related Character
1	U+2A854 𪗇 U+2A8F0 𪗈 U+2B8B1 𪗉 U+2B967 𪗊 U+2C3B7 𪗋 U+2C3D8 𪗌 U+2C5E2 𪗍
2	U+21100 𪗎 U+2168E 𪗏 U+26CBF 𪗐 U+2850D 𪗑 U+2CAE4 𪗒
3	U+262E6 𪗓

Vietnam also submitted 5 characters related to the Component LA to WS2017, which all the glyphs of the Component LA in WS2017 is the second one.

SN	Glyph	IDS	V Ref.
01969	𪗓	𪗓 𪗓 𪗓 𪗓 𪗓	V-F1DD9
02750	𪗔	𪗔 𪗔 𪗔 𪗔 𪗔	V-F1A3A
03492	𪗕	𪗕 𪗕 𪗕	V-F047C
03510	𪗖	𪗖 𪗖 𪗖 𪗖 𪗖 𪗖 𪗖 𪗖	V-F047E
04352	𪗗	𪗗 𪗗 𪗗	V-F074B

I think it's better to use the second one as the normalized form, so I request for consideration to normalize the V glyphs for the following 8 encoded characters.

UCS	V Ref.	Current Glyph	Suggested Glyph
U+262E6	V2-6F31	𪗓	𪗓
U+2A854	V4-4342	𪗇	𪗇
U+2A8F0	V4-4460	𪗈	𪗈
U+2B8B1	V4-4122	𪗉	𪗉
U+2B967	V4-4224	𪗊	𪗊
U+2C3B7	V4-4E2E	𪗋	𪗋
U+2C3D8	V4-4E48	𪗌	𪗌
U+2C5E2	V4-506D	𪗍	𪗍

3.3. Component NHUNG

This section is related to only one character.



The data in VNPF shows the phonetic element is 戎 without any doubt. The consonant NH- in the Vietnamese system is derived from the 日母 in the middle Chinese, which is like the phonological structures in the Subdialects of Goulou Yue-dialects and some subdialects in Southern-Western Guangdong. The modern standard Vietnamese and the vast number of the Goulou Yue-dialects can distinguish the 日母字 and the 疑母三等字.

Quốc Ngữ	Hán-Nôm	Codepoint	Context	Ref.	English
nhõng	鶯	U+2a01a	chim nhõng	vhn	mynah bird
nhung	鶯	U+2a01a	nhung nhúc	btcn	to swarm with

The current glyph for the right part looks not better, because no any more V glyph related to the Component NHUNG (戎) uses this form, so I request for consideration to normalize the V2-8836 glyph as below.

UCS	V Ref.	Current Glyph	Suggested Glyph
U+2A01A	V2-8836	鶯	鶯

3.4. Component CA or Reading Mark CA

Lee and Mr. Ngô Thanh Nhân submitted a proposal to encode two reading marks in the year of 2017. Please see [L2/17-373R](#). One is CÁ, the other one is NHÁY. And then, Andrew West, John Knightley and I submitted a document to explain it's not better to encode them as the combining mark. Please see [L2/18-281](#). Lee and Mr. Nhân responded us in [L2/18-318](#), that they explained it's better to encode the Reading Mark NHAY as the natural shape.

Now, we need to discuss something about the Component CA or the Reading Mark CA here.

There are 65 encoded V-Source characters related to CA.

Pos.	Character
Right	U+29D5C 𩚑 U+2A76A 𩚒 U+2A771 𩚓 U+2A780 𩚔 U+2A7F3 𩚕 U+2A809 𩚖 U+2A849 𩚗 U+2A84D 𩚘 U+2A8F1 𩚙 U+2A932 𩚚 U+2A938 𩚛 U+2A97E 𩚜 U+2AA6C 𩚝 U+2AAD3 𩚞 U+2AAF6 𩚟 U+2AB2B 𩚠 U+2ABAF 𩚡 U+2ABCA 𩚢 U+2AC07 𩚣 U+2AC30 𩚤 U+2AC55 𩚥 U+2ACA3 𩚦 U+2AD8F 𩚧 U+2AE04 𩚨 U+2AF86 𩚩 U+2AFF8 𩚪 U+2B05E 𩚫 U+2B1A1 𩚬 U+2B27C 𩚭 U+2B2F6 𩚮 U+2B391 𩚯 U+2B39A 𩚰 U+2B578 𩚱 U+2B896 𩚲 U+2B9E3 𩚳 U+2B9E6 𩚴 U+2BD2C 𩚵 U+2BD9C 𩚶 U+2C086 𩚷 U+2C0A8 𩚸 U+2C192 𩚹 U+2C2C6 𩚺 U+2C2EB 𩚻 U+2C2F1 𩚼 U+2C323 𩚽 U+2C3BB 𩚾 U+2C3BD 𩚿 U+2C438 𩚿 U+2C445 𩚿 U+2C4D7 𩚿 U+2C573 𩚿 U+2C57A 𩚿 U+2C5A9 𩚿 U+2C7AE 𩚿 U+2C89E 𩚿 U+2C9A1 𩚿 U+2CA3B 𩚿 U+2CA84 𩚿 U+2CABD 𩚿 U+2CB03 𩚿 U+2B850 𩚿
Top	U+2A96F 𩚑 U+2AB2A 𩚒 U+2B89A 𩚓
Left	U+2B854 𩚔

There are several usages for CA, such as reading mark, phonetic element, semantic element, consonant cluster, component placement and so on.

For U+29D5C, it is related to two characters which there are two different rationales.

1) As reading mark

When CA is used as the reading mark, the phonetic element should be 魚.

ngư #{C2>G2: ngư 魚>𩚑}. ◎ Ngẫu ngư: *tâm trí bất định, dáng*
𩚑 *vẻ vô tri.* 𩚑戾悉花惇動 𩚑柳𩚑𩚑 𩚑𩚑𩚑 𩚑𩚑𩚑 𩚑𩚑𩚑 𩚑𩚑𩚑
U+29D5C động, bông liễu ngẫu ngư (Truyền kỳ, I, Tây Viên, 62a).

2) As phonetic element

When CA is used as the phonetic element, the semantic element is 魚.



I suggested to keep the current V glyph for U+29D5C and add the other glyph to IVS possibly.

V0-4822	?
𩺰	𩺱

I request for consideration to modify the component CA or the reading mark CA to the glyph with the right hook and without the hook at the end of the last stroke when it is in the left side or the right side.

UCS	V Ref.	Current Glyph	Suggested Glyph
U+2B850	V4-4050	𩺰	𩺰
U+2B854	V4-4077	𩺱	𩺱
U+2BD9C	V4-467A	𩺲	𩺲

(End of Document)

LU, Qin [COMP]

From: Lee Collins <lcollins@mac.com>
Sent: Saturday, 6 April 2019 4:36 AM
To: 陈永聪
Cc: LU, Qin [COMP]; Trung Việt Ngô; Van Cuong Le
Subject: Re: IRGN2370
Attachments: 20 questionable V4-Source characters in Ext. C and Ext. E and some other normalization suggestions.pdf

Dear Eiso,

Thanks for your very detailed proposal. We have reviewed your document and agree with most of your suggestions. There is one change we don't want:

U+2C862

Both 𪛗 and 𪛗 U+8956 are found in Vietnamese texts. e.g see Kieu1866, lines 48 and 696 <<http://localhost/nom-project/tale-of-kieu/tale-of-kieu-version-1866>>.

Given that the forms are already encoded and used in Vietnamese data, it's best to make no changes at this point.

The remaining changes are fine, but we have some comments on specific characters:

U+2C82C We agree that V4-5372 should refer to U+87CE, U+2C862 is likely a variant of 𪛗 mǎn "wood borer", which is used in Vietnamese texts. The given reading, "mọn" cannot be substantiated.

U+2BEBC

U+6146 is the form used in the TĐCNDG.

There are other cases where the evidence doesn't match the glyphs in the charts:

U+2A95E

shows 𪛗 蓋大, which is the Chữ Nôm Tày word "cải" (large), but TĐCNT, our main source for CNT has V+F1D54 𪛗 蓋大. V+F1D54 is one of our candidates for WS2017. We might consider withdrawing V+F1D54 and replacing the glyph for U+2A95E with 𪛗 蓋大. What do you think?

Regarding the forms of "cá". As you know, the forms 𪛗 and 𪛗 are merely variants of a single character, 𪛗, which is a simplification of 個. 𪛗 is a normalization of the cursive form of 𪛗, resulting from not lifting the pen to form the first 2 strokes. In this sense, they should always be treated as cognates. In the cases where "cá" is combined with other characters, in the overwhelming number of examples (99%) we have found, 𪛗 / 𪛗 are used as the reading mark.

As IRGN2370, notes though, there are a small number of cases where 𪛗, is the phonetic. We know of two:

U+2C9A1

Nôm Tày "kha" (foot)

V+F1DA9

𪛗个乌 Nôm Tày "ca" (crow)

We could see an argument for always representing the phonetic marker with the form 个.

There is also one case we know of where 𪛗 has both roles

U+29D5C

Phonetic in 𪛗, Vietnamese "cá", Jing "ka5", modifier in Vietnamese "ngơ"

We would not see any problem with using IVS to encode the alternate form.

Regards,

Lee

On Feb 15, 2019, at 8:29 AM, Lee Collins <lcollins@mac.com> wrote:

Dear Eiso,

Many thanks, we'll review this and let you know the results later.

Regards,

Lee

On Feb 14, 2019, at 1:47 AM, 陈永聪 <eisoch@126.com> wrote:

Dear Dr. Lu,

Please find the attachment.

Dear Lee, Mr. Viet and Mr. Cuong,

This is my document related to the V glyphs for some encoded characters. I think it will be useful for your works.

Regards,
Eiso

At 2019-02-14 16:01:39, "LU, Qin [COMP]" <qin.lu@polyu.edu.hk> wrote:

Dear Eiso,

Please use IRG Number: IRGN 2370. Do include the document number in the file and in the file name and submit to me for posting.

Thanks,

Lu Qin

From: 陈永聪 <eisoch@126.com>
Sent: Thursday, 14 February 2019 3:23 PM
To: csluqin <csluqin@comp.polyu.edu.hk>
Subject: Request for a new IRG document number

Dear Dr. Lu,

I request for a new document number, the attachment is the draft.

This is a document related to the Vietnamese glyphs issues. I will CC to the Vietnamese experts when I send the finished one to you later.

Regards,

Eiso



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